Acknowledgment and Authorization for Background Check

I acknowledge receipt of the separate documents entitled below and certify that I have read and understand those documents.

- Disclosure Regarding Background Investigation
- A Summary of Your Rights Under the Fair Credit Reporting Act
- A Summary of Your Rights Under California Law
- A Summary Of Your Rights Under The State Of Washington Fair Credit Reporting Act
- New York Correction Law Article 23-A
- A Summary Of Your Rights Under The State Of New Jersey
- Employee Rights under San Francisco Police Code Article 49

I hereby authorize the obtaining of "consumer reports" and/or "investigative consumer reports" by the Company at any time after receipt of this authorization and throughout my employment, if applicable. To this end, I hereby authorize any law enforcement agency, administrator, state or federal agency, institution, school or university (public or private), information service bureau, employer, or insurance company to furnish any and all background information requested by **AssureHire, Inc., 2206 Plaza Drive Suite 100, Rocklin, CA 95765, 855-906-HIRE, assurehire.com**

(assurehire.com). I agree that an electronic copy of this Authorization shall be as valid as the original.

Check this box if you would like to receive a free copy of the consumer report.

 Printed Name

 Signature
 Date

 Date of Birth
 Driver's License #
 Social Security #

 If person above is under the age of 18, a parent or legal guardian must sign below:
 Parent/Legal Guardian Printed Name

Parent/Legal Guardian Signature

Date

Disclosure Regarding Background Investigation

Mid-Coast Family Services ("The Company") may obtain information about you from a consumer reporting agency for employment purposes. Thus, you may be the subject of a "consumer report" and/or an "investigative consumer report" which may include information about your character, general reputation, personal characteristics, and/or mode of living, which can involve personal interviews with sources such as your neighbors, friends, or associates. These reports may contain information regarding your criminal history, motor vehicle records ("driving records"), verification of your education or employment history, credit history, or other background checks.

You have the right, upon written request made within a reasonable time after receipt of this notice, to request disclosure of the nature and scope of any investigative consumer report conducted by **AssureHire, Inc., 2206 Plaza Drive Suite 100, Rocklin, CA 95765, 855-906-HIRE, assurehire.com** (assurehire.com).

Para informacion en espanol, visite https://www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore (https://www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore) o escribe a la Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, 1700 G Street N.W., Washington, DC 20552.

A Summary of Your Rights Under the Fair Credit Reporting Act

The federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (FCRA) promotes the accuracy, fairness, and privacy of information in the files of consumer reporting agencies. There are many types of consumer reporting agencies, including credit bureaus and specialty agencies (such as agencies that sell information about check writing histories, medical records, and rental history records). Here is a summary of your major rights under the FCRA. For more information, including information about additional rights, go to www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore (https://www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore) or write to: Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, 1700 G Street N.W., Washington, DC 20552.

- You must be told if information in your file has been used against you. Anyone who uses a credit report or another type of consumer report to deny your application for credit, insurance, or employment or to take another adverse action against you must tell you, and must give you the name, address, and phone number of the agency that provided the information.
- You have the right to know what is in your file. You may request and obtain all the information about you in the files of a consumer reporting agency (your "file disclosure"). You will be required to provide proper identification, which may include your Social Security number. In many cases, the disclosure will be free. You are entitled to a free file disclosure if:

 a person has taken adverse action against you because of information nyour credit report; you are the victim of identify theft and place a fraud alert in your file; your file contains inaccurate information as a result of fraud; you are on public assistance; you are unemployed but expect to apply for employment within 60 days. In addition, all consumers are entitled to one free disclosure every 12 months upon request from each nationwide credit bureau and from nationwide specialty consumer reporting agencies. See www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore (https://www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore) for additional information.
- You have the right to ask for a credit score. Credit scores are numerical summaries of your credit-worthiness based on information from credit bureaus. You may request a credit score from consumer reporting agencies that create scores or distribute scores used in residential real property loans, but you will have to pay for it. In some mortgage transactions, you will receive credit score information for free from the mortgage lender.
- You have the right to dispute incomplete or inaccurate information. If you identify information in your file that is incomplete or inaccurate, and report it to the consumer reporting agency, the agency must investigate unless your dispute is frivolous. See www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore (https://www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore) for an explanation of dispute procedures.
- Consumer reporting agencies must correct or delete inaccurate, incomplete, or unverifiable information. Inaccurate, incomplete or unverifiable information must be removed or corrected, usually within 30 days. However, a consumer reporting agency may continue to report information it has verified as accurate.
- **Consumer reporting agencies may not report outdated negative information.** In most cases, a consumer reporting agency may not report negative information that is more than seven years old, or bankruptcies that are more than 10 years old.
- Access to your file is limited. A consumer reporting agency may provide information about you only to people with a valid need -- usually to consider an application with a creditor, insurer, employer, landlord, or other business. The FCRA specifies those with a valid need for access.
- You must give your consent for reports to be provided to employers. A consumer reporting agency may not give out information about you
 to your employer, or a potential employer, without your written consent given to the employer. Written consent generally is not required in
 the trucking industry. For more information, go to www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore (https://www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore).
- You may limit "prescreened" offers of credit and insurance you get based on information in your credit report. Unsolicited "prescreened" offers for credit and insurance must include a toll-free phone number you can call if you choose to remove your name and address from the lists these offers are based on. You may opt-out with the nationwide credit bureaus at 1-888-5-OPTOUT (1-888-567-8688).
- You may seek damages from violators. If a consumer reporting agency, or, in some cases, a user of consumer reports or a furnisher of information to a consumer reporting agency violates the FCRA, you may be able to sue in state or federal court.
- Identity theft victims and active duty military personnel have additional rights. For more information, visit
- www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore (https://www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore).
- Consumers Have the Right To Obtain a Security Freeze. You have a right to place a security freeze on your credit report, which will prohibit a consumer reporting agency from releasing information in your credit report without your express authorization. The security freeze is designed to preven credit, loans, and services from being approved in your name without your consent. However, you should be aware that using a security freeze to take control over who gets access to the personal and financial information in your credit report may delay, interfere with, or prohibit the timely approval of any subsequent request or application you make regarding a new loan, credit, mortgage, or any other account involving the extension of credit. As an alternative to a security freeze, you have the right to place an initial or extended fraud alert on your credit file, a business is required to take steps to verify the consumer's identity before extending new credit. If you are a victim of identity theft, you are entitled to an extended fraud alert, which is a fraud alert lasting 7 years. A security freeze does not apply to a person or entity, or its affiliates, or collection agencies acting on behalf of the person or entity, with which you have an existing account that requests information in your credit report for the purposes of reviewing or collecting the account. Reviewing the account includes activities related to account maintenance, monitoring, credit line increases, and account upgrades and enhancements.

States may enforce the FCRA, and many states have their own consumer reporting laws. In some cases, you may have more rights under state law. For more information, contact your state or local consumer protection agency or your state Attorney General. Federal enforcers are:

TYPE OF BUSINESS: CONTACT:	
 1.a. Banks, savings associations, and credit unions with total assets of over \$10 billion and their affiliates b. Such affiliates that are not banks, savings associations, or credit unions also should list, in addition to the CFPB: 	a. Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection 1700 G Street NW Washington, DC 20552 b. Federal Trade Commission: Consumer Response Center – FCRA Washington, DC 20580 (877) 382-4357
 2. To the extent not included in item 1 above: a. National banks, federal savings associations, and federal branches and federal agencies of foreign banks b. State member banks, branches and agencies of foreign banks (other than federal branches, federal agencies, and Insured State Branches of Foreign Banks), commercial lending companies owned or controlled by foreign banks, and organizations operating under section 25 or 25A of the Federal Reserve Act c. Nonmember Insured Banks, Insured State Branches of Foreign Banks, and insured state savings associations d. Federal Credit Unions 	 a. Office of the Comptroller of the Currency Customer Assistance Group 1301 McKinney Street, Suite 3450 Houston, TX 77010-9050 b. Federal Reserve Consumer Help Center P.O. Box. 1200 Minneapolis, MN 55480 c. FDIC Consumer Response Center 1100 Walnut Street, Box #11 Kansas City, MO 64106 d. National Credit Union Administration Office of Consumer Protection (OCP) Division of Consumer Compliance and Outreach (DCCO) 1775 Duke Street Alexandria, VA 22314
3. Air Carriers	Asst. General Counsel for Aviation Enforcement & Proceedings Aviation Consumer Protection Division Department of Transportation 1200 New Jersey Avenue, S.E. Washington, DC 20590
4. Creditors Subject to Surface Transportation Board	Office of Proceedings, Surface Transportation Board Department of Transportation 395 E Street, SW Washington, DC 20423
5. Creditors Subject to Packers and Stockyards Act	Nearest Packers and Stockyards Administration area supervisor
6. Small Business Investment Companies	Associate Deputy Administrator for Capital Access United States Small Business Administration 409 Third Street, SW, 8th Floor Washington, DC 20416
7. Brokers and Dealers	Securities and Exchange Commission 100 F St NE Washington, DC 20549
8. Federal Land Banks, Federal Land Bank Associations, Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, and Production Credit Associations	Farm Credit Administration 1501 Farm Credit Drive McLean, VA 22102-5090
9. Retailers, Finance Companies, and All Other Creditors Not Listed Above	FTC Regional Office for region in which the creditor operates or Federal Trade Commission: Consumer Response Center – FCRA Washington, DC 20580 (877) 382-4357

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

A Summary of Your Rights Under California Law

Under California law, you are entitled, upon presentation of proper identification(*), to find out from an investigative consumer reporting agency ("CRA") what is in your file, as follows:

1. In person, by visual inspection of your file during normal business hours and on reasonable notice. You may be accompanied by one other person of your choosing, who must furnish reasonable identification. The CRA may require you to furnish a written statement granting permission to the CRA to discuss your file in such person's presence.

2. By obtaining a summary of it via telephone call, if you have made a written request, with proper identification, for telephone disclosure and the toll charge, if any, for the telephone call is prepaid by you or charged directly to you; o

3. By requesting in writing, with proper identification, that a copy of it be sent to a specified addressee by certified mail. The CRA complying with such requests for certified mailings shall not be liable for disclosures to third parties caused by mishandling of mail after such mailings leave the investigative CRAs.

The CRA may not charge you more than the actual copying costs for providing you with a copy of your file. The CRA will provide trained personnel to explain any information furnished to you. The CRA and will provide a written explanation of any coded information contained in files maintained on you. If you choose to visually inspect the file under option 1 above this written explanation will be provided whenever the file is provided to you.

(*) The term "proper identification" as used above shall mean that information generally deemed sufficient to identify a person. Such information includes documents such as a valid driver's license, social security account number, military identification card, and credit cards. Only if the consumer is unable to reasonably identify himself with the information described herein, may an investigative CRA require additional information concerning your employment and personal or family history in order to verify your identity.

ESTADO DE CALIFORNIA

Una muestra de sus derechos bajo las leyes del Estado de California

Bajo las leyes del Estado de California, usted tiene derecho, presentando previamente la identificación correcta (*), a que un investigador de la Agencia de Reporte del Consumidor ("CRA") le suministre la información que está en su archivo y esto se hace de la siguiente manera:

La inspección visual de su archivo se hace en persona, durante horas hábiles y se debe solicitar, presentando en un período razonable, una notificación previa a su visita. Usted puede venir acompañado de la persona que usted desee, la cual debe presentar identificación personal válida. El CRA puede pedirle por escrito permiso para que el CRA pueda discutir su archivo en presencia de dicho acompañante.
 Si desea obtener la información del sumario vía telefónica y usted la ha requerido por escrito y acompañada de la identificación correcta, el costo de la llamada estará bajo su responsabilidad, ya sea que esta sea prepagada o que se le cargue a usted directamente.
 Si usted pide por escrito que le envíen una copia por correo, a la dirección que usted indique, usted debe presentar previamente la identificación correcta y esta le será enviada por correo certificado. Si el CRA accede a dicho requerimiento de envío por correo certificado, el CRA no se hace responsable por la revelación de la información a terceras personas, causado por el mal manejo del correo después de que este haya salido de las instalaciones del CRA.

El CRA no le cobrará mas de lo que actualmente se cobra por dar una copia de su archivo personal. El CRA cuenta con personal entrenado para explicar cualquier información que se suministre. El CRA explicará por escrito cualquier información codificada contenida en sus archivos personales.

Si usted elige la inspección visual del archive bajo la opción 1 arriba mencionada, esta expllicación por escrito se proveerá cuando el archive Le sea entregado.

(*) El término de IDENTIFICACIÓN CORRECTA, significa generalmente que la identificación suministrada se considera suficiente y veraz para reconocer a una persona. Tal información incluye documentos tales como la Licencia de Conducir, Número del Seguro Social, Tarjeta Militar y Tarjetas de Crédito. Solamente, si el consumidor no se puede identificar correctamente con alguna de las opciones anteriores, entonces el investigador del CRA pedirá información adicional relacionada con su empleo o su historia personal o familiar para verificar su identidad.

STATE OF WASHINGTON

A SUMMARY OF YOUR RIGHTS UNDER THE STATE OF WASHINGTON FAIR CREDIT REPORTING ACT

The State of Washington Fair Credit Reporting Act (WFCRA) is designed to promote accuracy, fairness, consumer confidentiality and the proper use of credit data by each consumer reporting agency ("CRA") in accordance with the requirements of the WFCRA.

The WFCRA is modeled after the Federal Fair Credit Reporting Act. Generally, the same rights are provided under the Federal Fair Credit Reporting Act and you have received A Summary of Your Rights Under the Federal Fair Credit Reporting Act. You can get the complete text of WFCRA RCW 19.182, from the Washington Code Reviser's Office, P. O. Box 40551, Olympia, WA 98504.

Note, however, that under the WFCRA, consumer reports addressing an applicant's or employee's credit may not be procured for employment purposes unless (1) that information is substantially job related and the employer's reasons for the use of such information are disclosed to the consumer in writing or (2) that information is otherwise required by law.

A consumer who is a resident of the state may elect to place a security freeze on his or her credit report by making a request in writing by certified mail to a consumer reporting agency.

Individuals may bring a legal action in court to assert their rights under the WFCRA. The applicable statute of limitations is specified in Wash. Stat. § 19.182.120 and is generally two years from the date the cause of action accrued. Consumers who prevail on claims to enforce the WCFRA may obtain actual damages, monetary penalties, reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and other relief.

For questions or concerns regarding the WFCRA, please contact:

Attorney General of the State of Washington 1125 Washington Street S.E. P.O. Box 40100 Olympia, WA 98504-0100 Phone: 360-753-6200

NEW YORK CORRECTION LAW ARTICLE 23-A

LICENSURE AND EMPLOYMENT OF PERSONS PREVIOUSLY CONVICTED OF ONE OR MORE CRIMINAL OFFENSES

SS 750. Definitions. For the purposes of this article, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

1. "Public agency" means the state or any local subdivision thereof, or any state or local department, agency, board or commission.

2. "Private employer" means any person, company, corporation, labor organization or association which employs ten or more persons.

3. "Direct relationship" means that the nature of criminal conduct for which the person was convicted has a direct bearing on his fitness or ability to perform one or more of the duties or responsibilities necessarily related to the license, opportunity, or job in question.

 "License" means any certificate, license, permit or grant of permission required by the laws of this state, its political subdivisions or instrumentalities as a condition for the lawful practice of any occupation, employment, trade, vocation, business, or profession. Provided, however, that "license" shall not, for the purposes of this article, include any license or permit to own, possess, carry, or fire any explosive, pistol, handgun, rifle, shotgun, or other firearm.
 "Employment" means any occupation, vocation or employment, or any form of vocational or educational training. Provided, however, that "employment" shall not, for the purposes of this article, include membership in any law enforcement agency.

SS 751. Applicability. The provisions of this article shall apply to any application by any person for a license or employment at any public or private employer, who has previously been convicted of one or more criminal offenses in this state or in any other jurisdiction, and to any license or employment held by any person whose conviction of one or more criminal offenses in this state or in any other jurisdiction preceded such employment or granting of a license, except where a mandatory forfeiture, disability or bar to employment is imposed by law, and has not been removed by an executive pardon, certificate of relief from disabilities or certificate of good conduct. Nothing in this article shall be construed to affect any right an employer may have with respect to an intentional misrepresentation in connection with an application for employment made by a prospective employee or previously made by a current employee.

SS 752. Unfair discrimination against persons previously convicted of one or more criminal offenses prohibited. No application for any license or employment, and no employment or license held by an individual, to which the provisions of this article are applicable, shall be denied or acted upon adversely by reason of the individual's having been previously convicted of one or more criminal offenses, or by reason of a finding of lack of "good moral character" when such finding is based upon the fact that the individual has previously been convicted of one or more criminal offenses, unless:

- 1. there is a direct relationship between one or more of the previous criminal offenses and the specific license or employment sought or held by the individual; or
- 2. the issuance or continuation of the license or the granting or continuation of the employment would involve an unreasonable risk to property or to the safety or welfare of specific individuals or the general public.

SS 753. Factors to be considered concerning a previous criminal conviction; presumption.

1. In making a determination pursuant to section seven hundred fifty-two of this chapter, the public agency or private employer shall consider the following factors:

- a. The public policy of this state, as expressed in this act, to encourage the licensure and employment of persons previously convicted of one or more criminal offenses.
- b. The specific duties and responsibilities necessarily related to the license or employment sought or held by the person.
- c. The bearing, if any, the criminal offense or offenses for which the person was previously convicted will have on his fitness or ability to perform one or more such duties or responsibilities.
- d. The time which has elapsed since the occurrence of the criminal offense or offenses.
- e. The age of the person at the time of occurrence of the criminal offense or offenses.
- f. The seriousness of the offense or offenses.
- g. Any information produced by the person, or produced on his behalf, in regard to his rehabilitation and good conduct.
- h. The legitimate interest of the public agency or private employer in protecting property, and the safety and welfare of specific individuals or the general public.

2. In making a determination pursuant to section seven hundred fifty-two of this chapter, the public agency or private employer shall also give consideration to a certificate of relief from disabilities or a certificate of good conduct issued to the applicant, which certificate shall create a presumption of rehabilitation in regard to the offense or offenses specified therein.

SS 754. Written statement upon denial of license or employment. At the request of any person previously convicted of one or more criminal offenses who has been denied a license or employment, a public agency or private employer shall provide, within thirty days of a request, a written statement setting forth the reasons for such denial.

SS 755. Enforcement.

1. In relation to actions by public agencies, the provisions of this article shall be enforceable by a proceeding brought pursuant to article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules.

2. In relation to actions by private employers, the provisions of this article shall be enforceable by the division of human rights pursuant to the powers and procedures set forth in article fifteen of the executive law, and, concurrently, by the New York city commission on human rights.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

A SUMMARY OF YOUR RIGHTS UNDER THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY

The state of New Jersey Fair Credit Reporting Act (NJFCRA) is designed to promote accuracy, fairness, consumer confidentiality and the proper use of credit data by each consumer reporting agency ("CRA") in accordance with the requirements of the NJFCRA.

The NJFCRA is modeled after the Federal Fair Credit Reporting Act. The same rights are provided under the Federal Fair Credit Reporting Act and you have received A Summary of Your Rights Under the Federal Fair Credit Reporting Act. You can find the complete text of the NJFCRA at the Division of Consumer Affairs, Department of Law and Public Safety.

For questions or concerns regarding the NJFCRA, please contact:

Division of Consumer Affairs Department of Law and Public Safety 124 Halsey Street Newark, NJ 07102 Phone: 973-504-6200

Employee Rights under San Francisco Police Code Article 49

San Francisco Fair Chance Ordinance

This notice shall be made readily available to any applicant who wishes to seek employment in San Francisco.

Fair Chance Ordinance Notice - English

(https://sfgov.org/olse/sites/default/files/Document/FCO%20Art.%2049%20Official%20Notice%20to%20print%20 2017.pdf)

Fair Chance Ordinance Notice - Spanish (http://sfgov.org/olse/modules/showdocument.aspx?documentid=12076) Fair Chance Ordinance Notice - Chinese (http://sfgov.org/olse/modules/showdocument.aspx?documentid=12075) Fair Chance Ordinance Notice - Tagalog (http://sfgov.org/olse/modules/showdocument.aspx?documentid=12074)